Approved For Release 2002/05/09 : CIA-RDP80B01676R003900010904-7

December 23, 1958

Dear Allan:

Since returning from Africa in October, I have been at work on a report on that huge continent. The completed job ran to some 75,000 words, and the checking of the figures and references and the editing of the opus are going to take several weeks more, particularly as I am pretty heavily involved with other activities.

In view of this Jim Linen thought it would be a good idea to get out some interim notes, including some reflections and conclusions now and send them off before Christmas, leaving the body of my country-by-country observations until later.

This we have done, and both of us hope that you will find the attached pages interesting and useful reading over the holidays.

With season's greetings,

John Scott

Special Assistant to the Publisher

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Hr. John Scott.
Epocial Assistant to the Publisher
Time Haganine
Time & Life Building
Hackefeller Conter
How York, New York

Dear John:

Thusk you for your draft "Africa-World's Last Frontier" which reached my office in labe December. I enjoyed rending it and profited from it.

I feel that it gives a sound enalysis of extractions which are nathers of growing international concern.

Africa is increasingly a tempet for the Communicta, and accordingly I was expecially interested in your comment on this subject. We are particularly glad to get information on trapical Africa and appreciate having your impressions.

Sincurely,

SIGNED

Allen V. Dullen Director

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MEMORANDOM FOR: Director of Contral Intelligence

SUBJECT : Comments on John Scott's Braft "Africa -- World's Last Frantier"

- Attached is a short draft raply which we would propose be sent to John Scott.
- 2. We consider Mr. Scott's discussion a useful presentation of the problems of Africa with more analysis and fewer tourist-type impressions than is generally contained in this type of presentation.

 African developments in the next few years may be even more difficult to cope with them this rather thoughtful paper suggests.
- 3. After some introductory comments which include geographic and historical data, Nr. Scott proceeds to discuss contemporary Africa in a systematic manner. He recognises the overwhelming problems created by past and present colonialism. He also sorts set the various approaches used by the several European powers in their dealings with African problems.

Mr. Seett devetes considerable attention to an examination of the difficulties which independent African states face. He notes their stagger-ing economic problems, their lack of trained personnel, their disorganisation and the elements of disunity.

Mationalism, and Communism are all given realistic treatment. Mr. Scott recognises the potential appeal the Communist line has for Africans. He feels that possibly dedicated nationalist leaders at the head of strong monolithic political parties eight be, is part, an immediate answer. Mr. Scott closes his paper on the note that Africa needs Western capital and know-how and that a peaceful "partmership" ought to be developed.

- 4. Mr. Scott's draft is quite readable but still needs some factual checking. An assortment of specific examples follows:
- a. <u>Page 1</u>, <u>paragraph 4</u>: "About 98% of all Africans are Hamites, Semites, Bantus and other dark-skinned peoples..." We believe that the text should differentiate between the Hamites and Hemites who are viewed as being of Caucasian origin, i.e., "White" and the Bantus who are Negro.

V 6

- probably less than 20% of the world's uranium, not "a large part of it." Also, the continent's petroless potential is not "enormous" on the basis of what we know today, even when the simuable oil field in Algeria is taken into account.
- e. Page 3, paragraph 6: The French have not been pushing the Africans steadily toward self-government. They have reluctantly conceded additional political powers to the Africans under considerable nationalist pressure.
- d. Page 3, paragraph 7: It is open to serious question that the Kenya settlers have lost such of their determination since the Man Man uprising.
- e. Page 9, paragraph 1: It is doubtful that Britain considers Zanziber and Gambia to be strategic strong points. London usually does not consider independence for these areas because of their small size.
- f. Page 11, paragraph 2: Municipal elections were also held in Jadotville.

- 8. Page 23, paragraph 3: Native labor unions are not "outlawed" in the Union of South Africa, they merely are not legal entities and therefore do not have the legal rights of recognized unions.
- tames of trade unions re Communism the point should be made that in some areas such as French West and Equatorial Africa, Communists have used the COT's ties with African unions to gain influence and to infiltrate the colonial areas.
- i. Page 34, paragraph 5: The statement that "where we have bases, I found people much less eathusiastic and sometimes hostile" may be misleading. Astagonism toward the US in Morecco, particularly in extremist nationalist circles, springs mostly out of local disapproval of American policy vis-a-vis Algeria rather than from any dislike of the American presence in Morecco. Likewise in States is disliked because of our base.

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10-11

Mr. John Scott Special Assistant to the Publisher Time Highwine Time & Life Building Nochefeller Center New York, New York

Dear John:

Thank you for your draft 'Africa-World's Last Frontier' which reached my office in late December. I enjoyed looking it over.

It is written in a lively style and contains much sound analysis of situations which are a matter of grave international concern.

It is clear that Africa is increasingly a target for the Communists, and accordingly I was especially interested in your comment on this pubject. We are always interested in information on trupical Africa and appreciate having your imprecations.

Sincerely yours,

Allen W. Dullos Director

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ER 11-10/A

Mr. John Scott Special Assistant to the Publisher Time & Idfe Building Rockefeller Center New York, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Soott:

In the temporary sheence of Hr. Dulles, I should like to acknowledge your letter of 23 December.

Mr. Delles is expected back in his office on 5 Jamesty and when he returns, I shall be glad to bring your letter to his attention.

Sincerely,

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MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

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"Africa--World's Last Frontier"

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Mr. Scott devotes considerable attention to an examination of the difficulties which independent African states face. He notes their staggering economic problems, their lack of trained personnel, their disorganization and the elements of disunity.

The Moslem faith, Trade Unions, Democracy, Nationalism, and Communism are all given realistic treatment. Mr. Scott recognizes the potential appeal the Communist line has for Africans. He feels that possibly dedicated nationalist leaders at the head of strong monolithic political parties might be, in part, an immediate answer. Mr. Scott closes his paper on the note that Africa needs Western capital and know-how and that a peaceful "partnership" ought to be developed.

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- b. Page 2, paragraph 1: Africa produces probably less than 20% of the world's uranium, not "a large part of it." Also, the continent's petroleum potential is not "enormous" on the basis of what we know today, even when the sizeable oil field in Algeria is taken into account.
- c. Page 2, paragraph 6: The French have not been pushing the Africans steadily toward self-government. They have reluctantly conceded additional political powers to the Africans under considerable nationalist pressure.
- d. Page 3, paragraph 7: It is open to serious question that the Kenya settlers have lost much of their determination since the Mau Mau uprising.
- e. Page 9, paragraph 1: It is doubtful that Britain considers Zanzibar and Gambia to be strategic strong points. London usually does not consider independence for these areas because of their small size.
- f. Page 11, paragraph 2: Municipal elections were also held in Jadotville.

- g. Page 23, paragraph 3: Native labor unions are not "outlawed" in the Union of South Africa, they merely are not legal entities and therefore do not have the legal rights of recognized unions.
- h. Page 23, paragraph 6: On the importance of trade unions re Communism the point should be made that in some areas such as French West and Equatorial Africa, Communists have used the CGT's ties with African unions to gain influence and to infiltrate the colonial areas.
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Assistant Director, Current Intelligence

Attachment:

(Draft Letter to J. Scott)
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